## Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:ssspta1203mxm

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

```
* * * * * * * * * *
                     Welcome to STN International
NEWS
                 Web Page for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS
         JAN 12
                 Match STN Content and Features to Your Information
                 Needs, Quickly and Conveniently
NEWS
         JAN 25
                 Annual Reload of MEDLINE database
NEWS
         FEB 16
                 STN Express Maintenance Release, Version 8.4.2, Is
                 Now Available for Download
NEWS
         FEB 16
                 Derwent World Patents Index (DWPI) Revises Indexing
                 of Author Abstracts
                 New FASTA Display Formats Added to USGENE and PCTGEN
NEWS
         FEB 16
NEWS
      7 FEB 16
                 INPADOCDB and INPAFAMDB Enriched with New Content
                 and Features
     8 FEB 16
                 INSPEC Adding Its Own IPC codes and Author's E-mail
NEWS
                 Addresses
         APR 02
     9
                 CAS Registry Number Crossover Limits Increased to
NEWS
                 500,000 in Key STN Databases
         APR 02
                 PATDPAFULL: Application and priority number formats
NEWS 10
                 enhanced
NEWS 11
         APR 02
                 DWPI: New display format ALLSTR available
NEWS 12
         APR 02
                 New Thesaurus Added to Derwent Databases for Smooth
                 Sailing through U.S. Patent Codes
NEWS 13
         APR 02
                 EMBASE Adds Unique Records from MEDLINE, Expanding
                 Coverage back to 1948
                 CA/CAplus CLASS Display Streamlined with Removal of
NEWS 14
         APR 07
                 Pre-IPC 8 Data Fields
NEWS 15
         APR 07
                 50,000 World Traditional Medicine (WTM) Patents Now
                 Available in CAplus
         APR 07
                 MEDLINE Coverage Is Extended Back to 1947
NEWS 16
         JUN 16 WPI First View (File WPIFV) will no longer be
NEWS 17
                 available after July 30, 2010
                 DWPI: New coverage - French Granted Patents
NEWS 18
         JUN 18
NEWS 19
         JUN 18
                 CAS and FIZ Karlsruhe announce plans for a new
                 STN platform
NEWS 20
         JUN 18
                 IPC codes have been added to the INSPEC backfile
                  (1969-2009)
                 Removal of Pre-IPC 8 data fields streamline displays
NEWS 21
         JUN 21
                 in CA/CAplus, CASREACT, and MARPAT
NEWS 22
                 Access an additional 1.8 million records exclusively
         JUN 21
                 enhanced with 1.9 million CAS Registry Numbers --
                 EMBASE Classic on STN
NEWS 23
         JUN 28
                 Introducing "CAS Chemistry Research Report": 40 Years
                 of Biofuel Research Reveal China Now Atop U.S. in
```

Patenting and Commercialization of Bioethanol NEWS 24 JUN 29 Enhanced Batch Search Options in DGENE, USGENE, and PCTGEN

NEWS EXPRESS FEBRUARY 15 10 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.4.2, AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 15 JANUARY 2010.

NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN customer agreement. This agreement limits use to scientific research. Use for software development or design, implementation of commercial gateways, or use of CAS and STN data in the building of commercial products is prohibited and may result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:54:16 ON 29 JUN 2010

=> => file reg COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.22 0.22

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:54:24 ON 29 JUN 2010 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2010 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the  ${\tt ZIC/VINITI}$  data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 28 JUN 2010 HIGHEST RN 1228532-15-7 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 28 JUN 2010 HIGHEST RN 1228532-15-7

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

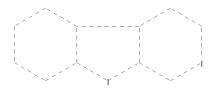
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 8, 2010.

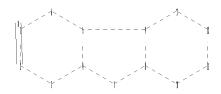
Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting  ${\tt SmartSELECT}$  searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

=>
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\rita.str







chain nodes :
14 15
ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13

chain bonds :

14 - 15

ring bonds :

 $1-2 \quad 1-6 \quad 2-3 \quad 3-4 \quad 4-5 \quad 4-7 \quad 5-6 \quad 5-9 \quad 7-8 \quad 8-9 \quad 8-10 \quad 9-13 \quad 10-11 \quad 11-12 \quad 12-13$ 

exact/norm bonds :

 $1-2 \quad 1-6 \quad 2-3 \quad 3-4 \quad 4-5 \quad 4-7 \quad 5-6 \quad 5-9 \quad 7-8 \quad 8-9 \quad 8-10 \quad 9-13 \quad 10-11 \quad 11-12 \quad 12-13$ 

14 - 15

isolated ring systems :

containing 1 :

Match level:

 $1: \verb|Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom|\\$ 

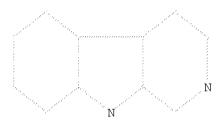
11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:CLASS 15:CLASS

## L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 11

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR





Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 11 sam

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 11:54:46 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 6742 TO ITERATE

29.7% PROCESSED 2000 ITERATIONS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

50 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 129917 TO 139763 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 19990 TO 23966

L2 50 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> file stnguide

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL

FULL ESTIMATED COST ENTRY SESSION 0.49 0.71

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:55:07 ON 29 JUN 2010 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT COPYRIGHT (C) 2010 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
LAST RELOADED: Jun 25, 2010 (20100625/UP).

=> file reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION 0.07 0.78

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:55:58 ON 29 JUN 2010 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2010 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the  ${\tt ZIC/VINITI}$  data file provided by  ${\tt InfoChem.}$ 

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 28 JUN 2010 HIGHEST RN 1228532-15-7 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 28 JUN 2010 HIGHEST RN 1228532-15-7

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 8, 2010.

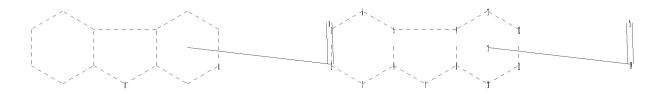
Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\2rita.str



chain nodes :
14 15
ring nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
chain bonds :
14-15
ring bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 4-7 5-6 5-9 7-8 8-9 8-10 9-13 10-11 11-12 12-13
exact/norm bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 4-7 5-6 5-9 7-8 8-9 8-10 9-13 10-11 11-12 12-13
14-15
isolated ring systems :

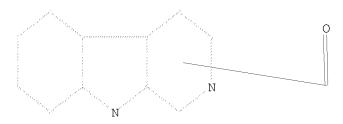
Match level :

containing 1 :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 17:CLASS

## L3 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 13 L3 HAS NO ANSWERS L3 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 13 sam
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 11:56:18 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 6742 TO ITERATE

29.7% PROCESSED 2000 ITERATIONS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED) SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

50 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*
BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 129917 TO 139763 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 8889 TO 11605

L4 50 SEA SSS SAM L3

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\3rita.str



chain nodes :

14 15

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13

chain bonds :

14 - 15

ring bonds :

 $1-2 \quad 1-6 \quad 2-3 \quad 3-4 \quad 4-5 \quad 4-7 \quad 5-6 \quad 5-9 \quad 7-8 \quad 8-9 \quad 8-10 \quad 9-13 \quad 10-11 \quad 11-12 \quad 12-13$ 

exact/norm bonds : 4-7 5-9 7-8 14-15

normalized bonds :

 $1-2 \quad 1-6 \quad 2-3 \quad 3-4 \quad 4-5 \quad 5-6 \quad 8-9 \quad 8-10 \quad 9-13 \quad 10-11 \quad 11-12 \quad 12-13$ 

isolated ring systems :

containing 1 :

Match level :

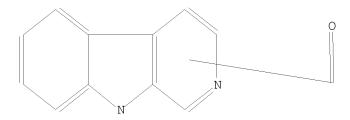
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 17:CLASS

# L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 15

L5 HAS NO ANSWERS

L5 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 15 sam
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 11:57:48 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 3452 TO ITERATE

57.9% PROCESSED 2000 ITERATIONS 50 ANSWERS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*
BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 65516 TO 72564
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 3001 TO 4661

L6 50 SEA SSS SAM L5

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\4rita.str

chain nodes :
14 15

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13

chain bonds: 12-14 14-15 ring bonds:

 $1-2 \quad 1-6 \quad 2-3 \quad 3-4 \quad 4-5 \quad 4-7 \quad 5-6 \quad 5-9 \quad 7-8 \quad 8-9 \quad 8-10 \quad 9-13 \quad 10-11 \quad 11-12 \quad 12-13$ 

exact/norm bonds:
4-7 7-8 14-15
exact bonds:
5-9 12-14

normalized bonds :

 $1-2 \quad 1-6 \quad 2-3 \quad 3-4 \quad 4-5 \quad 5-6 \quad 8-9 \quad 8-10 \quad 9-13 \quad 10-11 \quad 11-12 \quad 12-13$ 

isolated ring systems :

containing 1 :

Match level :

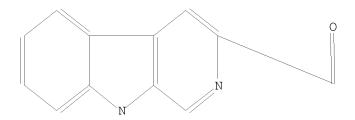
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:CLASS 15:CLASS

L7 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 17

L7 HAS NO ANSWERS

L7 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

50 ANSWERS

=> s 17 sam

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 11:59:00 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 292 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 292 ITERATIONS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

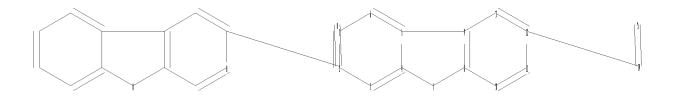
FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*
BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 4815 TO 6865
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 2991 TO 4649

L8 50 SEA SSS SAM L7

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\5rita.str



chain nodes : 14 15 17

ring nodes :

 $1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5 \quad 6 \quad 7 \quad 8 \quad 9 \quad 10 \quad 11 \quad 12 \quad 13$ 

chain bonds :
12-14 14-15
ring bonds :

 $1-2 \quad 1-6 \quad 2-3 \quad 3-4 \quad 4-5 \quad 4-7 \quad 5-6 \quad 5-9 \quad 7-8 \quad 8-9 \quad 8-10 \quad 9-13 \quad 10-11 \quad 11-12 \quad 12-13$ exact/norm bonds : 4-7 7-8 14-15 exact bonds : 5-9 12-14 normalized bonds : 1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 8-9 8-10 9-13 10-11 11-12 12-13isolated ring systems : containing 1 :

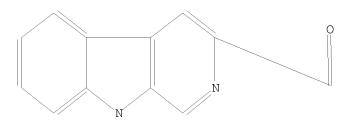
Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 17:Atom

L9 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 19 L9 HAS NO ANSWERS L9

Cb



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

50 ANSWERS

=> s 19 sam SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 11:59:55 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 292 TO ITERATE

292 ITERATIONS 100.0% PROCESSED INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED) SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 4815 TO 6865 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 1503 TO 2737

L10 50 SEA SSS SAM L9

=> s 19 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 12:00:06 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 5698 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 5698 ITERATIONS 1973 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L11 1973 SEA SSS FUL L9

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST
194.48
195.26

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:00:12 ON 29 JUN 2010 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2010 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 29 Jun 2010 VOL 153 ISS 1
FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 Jun 2010 (20100628/ED)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Apr 2010
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Apr 2010

CAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the second quarter of 2010.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at:

http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 111

L12 417 L11

=> file reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.50 195.76

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:00:38 ON 29 JUN 2010 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2010 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the  ${\tt ZIC/VINITI}$  data file provided by  ${\tt InfoChem.}$ 

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 28 JUN 2010 HIGHEST RN 1228532-15-7 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 28 JUN 2010 HIGHEST RN 1228532-15-7

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

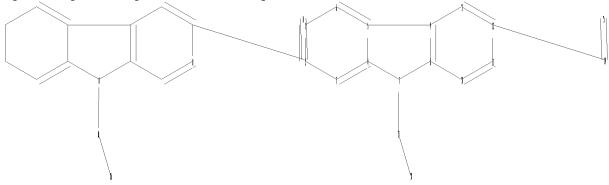
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 8, 2010.

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting  ${\tt SmartSELECT}$  searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\6 rita.str



```
chain nodes :
14  15  17  18
ring nodes :
1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9  10  11  12  13
chain bonds :
7-17  12-14  14-15  17-18
ring bonds :
1-2  1-6  2-3  3-4  4-5  4-7  5-6  5-9  7-8  8-9  8-10  9-13  10-11  11-12  12-13
exact/norm bonds :
4-7  7-8  7-17  14-15  17-18
exact bonds :
5-9  12-14
normalized bonds :
```

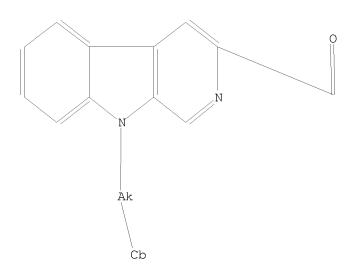
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 8-9 8-10 9-13 10-11 11-12 12-13 isolated ring systems : containing 1 :

## Match level:

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:Atom

#### L13 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 113L13 HAS NO ANSWERS L13 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 113 sam

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 12:02:03 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 292 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 292 ITERATIONS 10 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\* BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\* 4815 TO 6865 PROJECTED ITERATIONS:

11 TO PROJECTED ANSWERS: 389

L14 10 SEA SSS SAM L13

=> d scan

L14 10 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

IN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 9-[(2,5-dichlorophenyl)methyl]-,
 methyl ester

MF C20 H14 C12 N2 O2

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):end

=> s 113 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 12:02:17 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 5698 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 5698 ITERATIONS 216 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L15 216 SEA SSS FUL L13

=> file ca

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST 192.52 388.28

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 12:02:19 ON 29 JUN 2010 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2010 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is

strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 28 Jun 2010 VOL 153 ISS 1
FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 Jun 2010 (20100628/ED)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Apr 2010
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Apr 2010

CA now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the second quarter of 2010.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at:

http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> file caplus COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.49 388.77

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:02:22 ON 29 JUN 2010 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2010 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 29 Jun 2010 VOL 153 ISS 1
FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 Jun 2010 (20100628/ED)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Apr 2010
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Apr 2010

CAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the second quarter of 2010.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at:

http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 115 full L16 30 L15

=> d ibib abs fhitstr 1-30

L16 ANSWER 1 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2010:296056 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 152:501647

TITLE: Synthesis and cytotoxic evaluation of N 2-benzylated

quaternary  $\beta$ -carboline amino acid ester

conjugates

AUTHOR(S): Ma, Chunming; Cao, Rihui; Shi, Buxi; Li, Shaoxue;

Chen, Zhiyong; Yi, Wei; Peng, Wenlie; Ren, Zhenhua;

Song, Huacan

CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Sun

Yat-sen University, Guangzhou, 510275, Peop. Rep.

China

SOURCE: European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2010), 45(4),

1515-1523

CODEN: EJMCA5; ISSN: 0223-5234

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Masson SAS

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

GΙ

AB The β-carboline alkaloids have been characterized as a class of potential antitumor agents. To further enhance the cytotoxic potency and improve water solubility of β-carboline, a series of new β-carboline amino acid ester, β-carboline amino acid and N 2-benzylated quaternary β-carboline amino acid ester conjugates were designed and synthesized, and the cytotoxic activities of these compds. were evaluated using a panel of human tumor cell lines. The N 2-benzylated quaternary β-carboline amino acid ester conjugates represented the most interesting cytotoxic activities. Particularly, compds. (I) (R1 = Me, R2 = n-C4H9, R3 = Me; R1 = CH2CH2SMe, R2 = CH2Ph, R3 = Et) were found to be the most potent compds. with IC50 values lower than 20 μM against all human tumor cell lines investigated. These results confirmed that the N 2-benzyl substituent on the β-carboline ring played an important role in the modulation of the cytotoxic potencies.

IT 1160060-27-4P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(synthesis of benzylated quaternary carboline amino acid ester conjugates via coupling of carboline carboxylic acids with amino acid esters, followed by benzylation or hydrolysis, and theirs cytotoxic structure-activity relationship)

RN 1160060-27-4 CAPLUS

CN L-Phenylalanine, N-[[9-(phenylmethyl)-9H-pyrido[3,4-b]indol-3-yl]carbonyl]-, ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT: 42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 2 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2010:86327 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 152:335356

TITLE: Versatility of Substituted

1-Formyl-9H- $\beta$ -carbolines for the Synthesis of New Fused  $\beta$ -Carbolines via Intramolecular 1,3-Dipolar

Cvcloaddition

AUTHOR(S): Singh, Virender; Hutait, Samiran; Biswas, Subhasish;

Batra, Sanjay

CORPORATE SOURCE: Medicinal and Process Chemistry Division, CSIR,

Central Drug Research Institute, Lucknow, 226001,

India

SOURCE: European Journal of Organic Chemistry (2010), (3),

531-539, \$531/1-\$531/117

CODEN: EJOCFK; ISSN: 1434-193X

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

GΙ

AB Substituted 1-formyl-9H- $\beta$ -carbolines are demonstrated to be viable precursors for the synthesis of a library of new  $\beta$ -carboline-based polycyclic systems via 1,3-dipolar cycloaddn. strategy. E.g., intramol. 1,3-dipolar cycloaddn. of the oxime (I) formed from 1-formyl-9H- $\beta$ -carboline gave 83%

9a,10-dihydro-9H-indolol[3,2,1-ij]isoxazolo[4,3-c][1,5]naphthyridine (II). IT 1215101-63-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

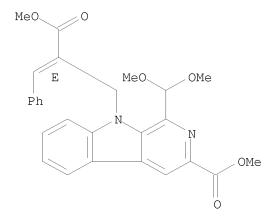
(preparation of a library of  $\beta$ -carboline fused systems via intramol. 1,3-dipolar cycloaddn.)

RN 1215101-63-5 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-9-propanoic acid,

1-(dimethoxymethyl)-3-(methoxycarbonyl)- $\alpha$ -(phenylmethylene)-, methyl ester, ( $\alpha$ E)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 3 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2009:1006136 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 151:448280

TITLE: Aromatization and chemoselective alkylation of 1-methyl-3,  $4-\text{dihydro}-\beta-\text{carboline}-3-\text{carboxylic}$ 

acid and its derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Brahmbhatt, Keyur G.; Ahmed, Nafees; Singh, Inder P.;

Bhutani, Kamlesh K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Natural Products, National Institute of

Pharmaceutical Education and Research-NIPER, Punjab,

S.A.S. Nagar, 160 062, India

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (2009), 50(39), 5501-5504

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 151:448280

AB Unprecedented aromatization was observed during N-alkylation reactions of 1-methyl-3,4-dihydro- $\beta$ -carboline-3-carboxylic acid Me ester, giving rise to 9-alkyl-1-methyl- $\beta$ -carboline-3-carboxylic acid Me esters. Inverse addition of base during a similar reaction resulted in a chemoselective alkylation to form novel 3-butyl-1-methyl-3,4-dihydro- $\beta$ -carboline-3-carboxylic acid Me ester

3-butyl-1-methyl-3,4-dihydro- $\beta$ -carboline-3-carboxylic acid Me ester as the major product in good yield.

IT 1190429-36-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of substituted carbolinecarboxylate derivs. via cyclization of

 $\ensuremath{\mathtt{N-acetyl}}$  tryptophan followed by esterification or amidation and

alkylation with alkyl halides or aromatization)

RN 1190429-36-7 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 1-methyl-9-(phenylmethyl)-,

methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(1 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 4 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2009:957006 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 151:313906
TITLE: Preparation of

N-(3-carboxy-9-benzylcarbolin-1-yl)ethylamino acids as

antitumor agents

INVENTOR(S): Peng, Shiqi; Zhao, Ming; Cui, Guohui; Wu, Jianhui

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Capital Medical University, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 27pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 101497611	A	20090805	CN 2008-10057219	20080130
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2008-10057219	20080130
	~- ~			

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 151:313906; MARPAT 151:313906

CO<sub>2</sub>H N Ph-CH<sub>2</sub> NH H HO<sub>2</sub>C I

GΙ

AB Title compds. I (R = amino acid residue) are prepared Thus, tryptophan was converted in several steps to 1-(formylmethyl)-9-benzyl- $\beta$ -carboline-3-carboxylic acid Me ester, reductive condensation of which with amino acid Me ester hydrochloride gave, after hydrolysis, I. The amino acid Me ester is from phenylalanine Me ester, alanine Me ester, glycine Me ester, valine Me ester, or histidine Me ester, etc. The invention relates to the application of the amino acid-like compound to prepare the medical prepns. for treating neoplasm.

IT 1037673-68-9P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of N-(3-carboxy-9-benzylcarbolin-1-yl)ethylamino acids as antitumor agents)

RN 1037673-68-9 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 1-[2-[[(1S)-1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-9-(phenylmethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

L16 ANSWER 5 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2009:933861 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 151:403134

TITLE: Novel N-(3-carboxyl-9-benzyl- $\beta$ -carboline-1-

yl)ethylamino acids: Synthesis, anti-tumor evaluation, intercalating determination, 3D QSAR analysis and

docking investigation

AUTHOR(S): Wu, Jianhui; Zhao, Ming; Qian, Keduo; Lee, Kuo-Hsiung;

Morris-Natschke, Susan; Peng, Shiqi

CORPORATE SOURCE: College of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Capital Medical

University, Beijing, 100069, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2009),

44(10), 4153-4161

CODEN: EJMCA5; ISSN: 0223-5234

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Masson SAS

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 151:403134

GΙ

AB Sixteen novel N-(3-carboxyl-9-benzyl- $\beta$ -carboline-1-yl)ethylamino acids I [R = H, Me, PhCH2, etc.] were synthesized as intercalating lead compds. In the in vitro cytotoxic assay their IC50 values against five human carcinoma cell lines ranged from 10.95  $\mu$ M to about 400  $\mu$ M. On S180 mouse model eight of them exhibited anti-tumor action, four of them showed the same anti-tumor potency as that of cytarabine. The preliminary toxicity evaluation revealed that the LD50 values of I should be more than 500 mg/kg. With CT DNA as model system an intercalating mechanism was explored. Using 3D QSAR anal, the relationship of the in vivo anti-tumor activity and the structure was quant, described. By docking I onto d(CGATCG)2 oligonucleotides the intercalation was demonstrated.

IT 1037673-68-9P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation, antitumor activities and 3D QSAR anal. of (carboxylbenzylcarbolinyl)ethylamino acids)

RN 1037673-68-9 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 1-[2-[[(1S)-1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-9-(phenylmethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(2 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 37 THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 6 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2009:593247 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 151:33818

TITLE: Harmine derivatives and their application as antitumor

agent

INVENTOR(S): Cao, Rihui; Wu, Jialin; Yu, Fusheng; Wang, Zihou;

Peng, Wenlie

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Xinjiang Huashidan Pharmaceutical Research Co., Ltd.,

Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenging Gongkai Shuomingshu, 82pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 101429198	A	20090513	CN 2007-10180027	20071109
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2007-10180027	20071109

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 151:33818; MARPAT 151:33818

Ι

GI

The disclosed Harmine derivs. have a general shown in I (R1 = H, C1-6 alkyl, heterocyclic group, aldehyde group, carboxyl, carboxylate, CH=NNHC(O)NH2, CH=NNHC(S)NH2, CH=NOH, CH=NOCH3, CONHRa, COORb, CH=CHRc, CH=NRd and NHRd; Ra = H, C1-6 alkylamino, or residue group of amino acids; Rb = hexasaccharides, pentasaccharides, disaccharides, or acyclic saccharides group; Rc = aryl or heterocyclic group; Rd = C1-6 alkyl or C1-6 alkylamino; R2 = H, C1-6 alkyl, and aryl-substituted C1-6 alkyl; X = organic or inorg. acid group; R3 = H, aldehyde group, CH(OH)SO3Na, CH=NNHC(O)NH2, CH=NNHC(S)NH2, CONHRa, COORb, CH=CHRc, and CH=NRd; R7 = H, hydroxy, C1-15 alkoxy, aryl-substituted C1-6 alkyl, COCH2CONHRa, and COCH2COORb; R9 = C1-6 alkyl, hydroxyl-substituted C1-6 alkyl, and aryl-substituted C1-6 alkyl). The claimed compds. are prepared from multiple routes. The obtained compds. can be applied as antitumor agent.

IT 1160060-08-1P
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(synthesis of Harmine derivs. and application as antitumor agents)

RN 1160060-08-1 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxaldehyde, 9-(phenylmethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

L16 ANSWER 7 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2009:230997 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 150:448147

TITLE: Synthesis and in vitro cytotoxic evaluation of novel

3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl substituted  $\beta$ -carboline

derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Wu, Qifeng; Cao, Rihui; Feng, Manxiu; Guan, Xiangdong;

Ma, Chunming; Liu, Jinbing; Song, Huacan; Peng, Wenlie

CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Sun

Yat-sen (Zhongshan) University, Guangzhou, 510275,

Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2009), 44(2),

533-540

CODEN: EJMCA5; ISSN: 0223-5234

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Masson SAS

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 150:448147

To elucidate further our SARs' study on the chemical and cytotoxic activity and probe the structural requirement for the potent antitumor activity of  $\beta$ -carbolines, a series of novel 1,9-disubstituted and 1,3,9-trisubstituted  $\beta$ -carboline derivs. were designed and synthesized from the starting material L-tryptophan and 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzaldehyde. Cytotoxic activities of these compds. in vitro were investigated, and the SARs associated with position-1, 3 and 9 substituents in  $\beta$ -carbolines have also been discussed. It has been observed that these compds. only displayed moderate to weak cytotoxic activities. Interestingly, most of the investigated compds. displayed selectively cytotoxic activities to human BCG-823 cell lines with IC50 value lower than  $100 \mu M$ . In addition, the short alkyl substituents in position-9 increased the cytotoxic activities with the tendency of Bu > Et > Me. These data confirmed that (1) an alkyl substituent at position-9 of  $\beta$ -carboline nucleus plays an important role in determining their antitumor activities; (2) different  $\beta$ -carbolines bearing various substituents in  $\beta$ -carboline nucleus interacted selectively with specific targets leading to the difference of biochem. and pharmacol. effects.

IT 1015792-23-0P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis and antitumor activity of trimethoxyphenyl  $\beta$ -carboline derivs.)

RN 1015792-23-0 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid,

9-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-, ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(3 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 8 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:1311767 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 150:51183

TITLE: Resistance mutations in human immunodeficiency virus

type 1 integrase selected with elvitegravir confer reduced susceptibility to a wide range of integrase

inhibitors

AUTHOR(S): Goethals, Olivia; Clayton, Reginald; Van Ginderen,

Marcia; Vereycken, Inge; Wagemans, Elisabeth;

Geluykens, Peggy; Dockx, Koen; Strijbos, Rudy; Smits, Veerle; Vos, Ann; Meersseman, Geert; Jochmans, Dirk; Vermeire, Kurt; Schols, Dominique; Hallenberger,

Sabine; Hertogs, Kurt

CORPORATE SOURCE: Tibotec BVBA, Mechelen, Belg.

SOURCE: Journal of Virology (2008), 82(21), 10366-10374

CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X

PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Integration of viral DNA into the host chromosome is an essential step in the life cycle of retroviruses and is facilitated by the viral integrase

enzyme. The first generation of integrase inhibitors recently approved or currently in late-stage clin. trials shows great promise for the treatment of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection, but virus is expected to develop resistance to these drugs. Therefore, we used a novel resistance selection protocol to follow the emergence of resistant HIV in the presence of the integrase inhibitor elvitegravir (GS-9137). We find the primary resistance-conferring mutations to be Q148R, E92Q, and T66I and demonstrate that they confer a reduction in susceptibility not only to elvitegravir but also to raltegravir (MK-0518) and other integrase inhibitors. The locations of the mutations are highlighted in the catalytic sites of integrase, and we correlate the mutations with expected drug-protein contacts. In addition, mutations that do not confer reduced susceptibility when present alone (H114Y, L74M, R20K, A128T, E138K, and S230R) are also discussed in relation to their position in the catalytic core domain and their proximity to known structural features of integrase. These data broaden the understanding of antiviral resistance against integrase inhibitors and may give insight facilitating the discovery of second-generation compds.

IT 737817-47-9

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(resistance mutations in human immunodeficiency virus type 1 integrase selected with elvitegravir confer reduced susceptibility to a wide range of integrase inhibitors)

RN 737817-47-9 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxamide,

9-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-N-hydroxy- (CA INDEX NAME)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (15 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 9 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:330451 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:403402

TITLE: Preparation of harmine derivatives as antitumor agents

INVENTOR(S): Wu, Jialin; Cao, Rihui; Yu, Fusheng; Wang, Zihou;

Peng, Wenlie

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Xinjiang Huashidan Pharmaceutical Research Co., Ltd.,

Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 29pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

CN 101139347 A 20080312 CN 2007-10181898 20071015

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CN 2007-10181898 20071015

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 148:403402; MARPAT 148:403402

Ι

GΙ

AB The title harmine derivs. I•X [wherein R1 and R2 = independently H or (aryl)alkyl; X = pharmaceutically acceptable acid moiety; or both R2 and X are absence; R3 = H or carboxylate; R7 = H, OH, or (aryl)alkoxy; or salts with pharmaceutically acceptable acids when X and R2 are absence] were prepared as antitumor agents. For example, II•Br- was prepared in a multi-step synthesis. II•Br- showed antitumor activity with IC50 < 1.3  $\mu$ M against Hela cervical carcinoma.

ΙI

IT 1015792-23-0P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(drug candidate; preparation of harmine derivs. as antitumor agents)

RN 1015792-23-0 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid,

9-(3-phenylpropyl)-1-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-, ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

L16 ANSWER 10 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1292251 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:143301

TITLE: Novel N-(3-carboxyl-9-benzylcarboline-1-yl)ethylamino

acids: synthesis, anti-proliferation activity and

two-step-course of intercalation with calf thymus DNA

AUTHOR(S): Wu, Jianhui; Cui, Guohui; Zhao, Ming; Cui, Chunying;

Peng, Shiqi

CORPORATE SOURCE: College of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Peking University,

Beijing, 100083, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Molecular BioSystems (2007), 3(12), 855-861

CODEN: MBOIBW; ISSN: 1742-206X

PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 149:143301

AB To explore the intercalating mechanism of β-carbolines, four novel N-(3-carboxyl-9-benzylcarboline-1-yl)ethylamino acids [-phenylalanine (6a), -alanine (6b), -isoleucine (6c) and -glycine (6d)] were prepared here. Their in vitro anticancer activities were examined by their anti-proliferation for 5 human carcinoma cell lines. The average IC50s against 5 human carcinoma cell lines are  $53.54~\mu\text{M}$ ,  $118.77~\mu\text{M}$ ,  $147.34~\mu\text{M}$  and greater than 291.63  $\mu\text{M}$  for 6a, 6b, 6c and 6d, resp. The DNA intercalating mechanism of 6a-d was approved by the comparison of the parameters and signals of UV, CD and fluorescence spectra of calf thymus

DNA (CT DNA) alone and the CT DNA/6a-d system. Using fluorescence titration based kinetic anal. a two-step-course consisting of stacking and intercalating was described and the stacking was considered as the key step to the CT DNA intercalating mechanism of 6a-d. Using fluorescence titration based thermomech. anal., the stacking complexes of 6a-d with CT DNA were described to be formed spontaneously and to be stabilized predominantly by their hydrophobic interactions. The intercalation itself goes very fast and only has limited contribution to their anticancer activities.

IT 1037673-68-9P

RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of novel N-(3-carboxyl-9-benzylcarboline-1-yl) ethylamino acids, their anti-proliferative activity and two-step-course of intercalation with calf thymus DNA)

RN 1037673-68-9 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 1-[2-[[(1S)-1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl]amino]ethyl]-9-(phenylmethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(1 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 43 THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 11 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1083219 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:38430

TITLE: Design of  $\beta$ -carboline derivatives as

DNA-targeting antitumor agents

AUTHOR(S): Guan, Huaji; Chen, Hongsheng; Peng, Wenlie; Ma, Yan;

Cao, Rihui; Liu, Xiaodong; Xu, Anlong

CORPORATE SOURCE: State Key Laboratory of Biocontrol, Guangdong Key

Laboratory of Therapeutic Functional Genes, Department of Biochemistry, College of Life Sciences, Sun Yat-sen (Zhongshan) University, Guangzhou, 510275, Peop. Rep.

China

SOURCE: European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2006),

41(10), 1167-1179

CODEN: EJMCA5; ISSN: 0223-5234

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 146:38430

AB This research studied the structure-activity relationship of  $\beta$ -carboline derivs. as antitumor agents, in which 41 synthesized compds. and their cytotoxicity to tumor and normal cell lines were assayed. It was proved that substituent in position-9 of the  $\beta$ -carboline ring could reinforce the DNA intercalating ability and consequently cytotoxicity to tumor cell lines, and the amidation of amino group at the end of the DNA targeting side chain in position-3 could cripple the DNA intercalating activity of these compds., which resultingly initiated the cytotoxic selectivity to tumor cell lines rather than to normal ones. Furthermore, the S and G2-M arrest induced by these compds. confirmed that they could target DNA and lead to DNA destructions in Hela cells. In short, this study may provide a framework to design a novel antitumor drug that could surpass Adriamycin.

IT 95202-52-1P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(Design of  $\beta$ -carboline derivs. as DNA-targeting antitumor agents)

RN 95202-52-1 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 9-(phenylmethyl)-, ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 18 THERE ARE 18 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (18 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 12 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:206057 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:428015

TITLE:  $\beta$ -carboline derivatives: Novel photosensitizers

that intercalate into DNA to cause direct DNA damage

in photodynamic therapy

AUTHOR(S): Guan, Huaji; Liu, Xiaodong; Peng, Wenlie; Cao, Rihui;

Ma, Yan; Chen, Hongsheng; Xu, Anlong

CORPORATE SOURCE: State Key Laboratory of Biocontrol, Guangdong Key

Laboratory of Therapeutic Functional Genes, Department of Biochemistry, College of Life Sciences, Sun Yat-sen (Zhongshan) University, Guangzhou, 510275, Peop. Rep.

China

SOURCE: Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications

(2006), 342(3), 894-901

CODEN: BBRCA9; ISSN: 0006-291X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Novel 1,3,9-trisubstituted  $\beta$ -carboline derivs. Were found to exhibit DNA photocleavage properties under visible light irradiation in a cell-free system, which could be reduced by antioxidant vitamin E. Their photo-cytotoxicity to human tumor cell line HeLa was confirmed, in which apoptosis only contributed a small part to the cell death, and necrosis was the dominating outcome of HeLa cells in photodynamic therapy (PDT) using  $\beta$ -carboline derivs. Different from other clin. PDT drugs,  $\beta$ -carboline derivs. were demonstrated to be able to distribute in the nucleus and intercalate into DNA, and consequently cause direct DNA damage by photochem. reaction products in PDT, which was proved by the distinct DNA tails in the comet assay and the considerable amount of DNA damaged cells quantified by flow cytometry. This mechanism could be the explanation for the delay of cell proliferation at DNA synthesis and mitosis.

IT 885314-28-3

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

 $(\beta\text{-carboline}$  derivs. photosensitizers intercalating into DNA to cause direct DNA damage in PDT)

RN 885314-28-3 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxamide,

N-(2-aminoethyl)-1-methyl-9-(phenylmethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (13 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 13 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1084377 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:6950

TITLE: Design, synthesis and in vitro and in vivo antitumor

activities of novel  $\beta$ -carboline derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Cao, R.; Chen, H.; Peng, W.; Ma, Y.; Hou, X.; Guan,

H.; Liu, X.; Xu, A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biochemistry and Center for

Biopharmaceutical Research, College of Life Sciences, Sun Yat-sen (Zhongshan) University, Guangzhou, 510275,

Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2005),

40(10), 991-1001

CODEN: EJMCA5; ISSN: 0223-5234

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 144:6950

To further a SAR study on the chemical and antitumor activity/neurotoxicity of  $\beta$ -carboline alkaloids, several series of  $\beta$ -carboline derivs. with various substituents were designed and synthesized from the starting material L-tryptophan on the basis of harmine chemical structure. Cytotoxic activities of these compds. were investigated in vitro. The results showed that some  $\beta$ -carboline derivs. had significant cytotoxic activities against human tumor cell lines. Among all the synthesized  $\beta$ -carboline derivs., the compds., having a benzyl substituent at both position-2 and 9, resp., were found to be the most potent compds. with IC50 value lower than 50  $\mu\text{M}$  against all human tumor cell lines examined Acute toxicities and antitumor activities of the selected  $\beta$ -carboline derivs. in mice were also evaluated. The results demonstrated that a benzyl substituent at position-2 increased the antitumor activity as well as acute toxicity significantly. However an (ethoxycarbonyl)amino substituent at position-3 reduced the acute toxicity as well as antitumor activity remarkedly. These data suggested that (1) the antitumor potencies of  $\beta$ -carboline derivs. were enhanced by the introduction of benzyl substituent into the position-2; (2) the acute toxicity of  $\beta\text{-carboline}$  derivs. reduced dramatically by the introduction of an appropriate substituent into the position-3 and 9; (3) the  $\beta$ -carboline structure might be an important basis for the design and synthesis of new antitumor drugs with significant antitumor activity and low toxicity.

IT 799821-97-9P

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(design, synthesis and in vitro and in vivo antitumor activities of novel  $\beta\text{-carboline}$  derivs.)

RN 799821-97-9 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indolium, 3-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2,9-bis(phenylmethyl)-, bromide (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

• Br-

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (20 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 14 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

2005:672885 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

143:172853 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: Preparation of  $\beta$ -carbolinehydroxamates as HIV

integrase inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Kuki, Atsuo; Li, Xinqianq; Plewe, Michael Bruno; Wanq,

Hai; Zhang, Junhu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Agouron Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 28 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE		
US 20050165040	A1	20050728	US 2004-765227		20040126		
US 7001912	В2	20060221					
US 20060122211	A1	20060608	US 2005-251344		20051014		
US 7138408	В2	20061121					
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-443223P	Р	20030127		
			US 2004-765227	АЗ	20040126		
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREA	ACT 143:17285	53; MARPAT 143:172853				

GI

AΒ Title compds. [I; R1-R6 = H, halo, alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, NO2, ORc, N(Rc)2; Rc = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl; R7 = (substituted) alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl; R8, R9 = H, (substituted) alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl], were prepared Thus, Et  $9H-\beta$ -carboline-3-carboxylate in DMF was treated with NaH and 4-fluorobenzyl bromide followed by stirring for 24 h. The resulting residue was stirred 5 days with NH2OH in MeOH/H2O to give 39% 9-(4-fluorobenzyl)-N-hydroxy-9H- $\beta$ -carboline-3-carboxamide. The latter in an integrase strand-transfer scintillation proximity assay showed IC50 =  $0.234 \mu M$ .

737817-45-7P ΤT

> RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(claimed compound; preparation of  $\beta$ -carbolinehydroxamates as HIV integrase inhibitors)

737817-45-7 CAPLUS RN

9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxamide,

9-[(3-chloro-2,6-difluorophenyl)methyl]-N-methoxy- (CA INDEX NAME)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(1 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 67 THERE ARE 67 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 15 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:239978 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:456253

TITLE: Antitumor and neurotoxic effects of novel harmine

derivatives and structure-activity relationship

analysis

AUTHOR(S): Chen, Qi; Chao, Rihui; Chen, Hongsheng; Hou, Xuerui;

Yan, Huifang; Zhou, Shufeng; Peng, Wenlie; Xu, Anlong

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biochemistry and Center for

Biopharmaceutical Research, School of Life Sciences,

Sun Yat-sen University, Guangzhou, 510275, Peop. Rep.

China

Ι

SOURCE: International Journal of Cancer (2005), 114(5),

675-682

CODEN: IJCNAW; ISSN: 0020-7136

PUBLISHER: Wiley-Liss, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

GΙ

AB Beta-carboline alkaloids such as harmine are present in medicinal plants such as Peganum harmala that have been used as folk medicine in anticancer therapy. In our study, 9 harmine derivs. (including harmine) were investigated for their antitumor effects and acute toxicities in mice, and the structure-activity relationship (SAR) was also analyzed. Administration of these compds. resulted in tumor inhibition rates of 15.3-49.5% in mice bearing Lewis Lung Cancer, sarcoma180 or HepA tumor.

Acute toxicity studies showed that all these compds. except two caused remarkable acute neurotoxicities manifested by tremble, twitch and jumping. SAR anal. indicated that the formate substitution at R3 of the tricyclic skeleton reduced their neurotoxicity, while the short alkyl or aryl substitution at R9 increased the antitumor activity. The harmine and its derivs. resulted in in vitro cytotoxicity (IC50) values of 0.011-0.021 µmol/mL in HepG2 cells. Several compds. induced apoptosis in HepG2 cells, with the highest apoptotic rate being 55.34%. Several compds. upregulated the expression of death receptor Fas by approx. 50-120%. authors found that compds. with both substitutions at R3 and R9, (I) have high antitumor activity and low toxicity. Such compds. might be chosen as lead mols. for further development. Further studies on the effects of harmine derivs. on key regulators for tumor cell apoptosis are needed.

95202-52-1P ΤТ

> RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(antitumor and neurotoxic effects of novel harmine derivs. and structure-activity relationship anal.)

RN 95202-52-1 CAPLUS

9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 9-(phenylmethyl)-, ethyl ester CN (CA INDEX NAME)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: THERE ARE 8 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(8 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 49 THERE ARE 49 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 16 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:169163 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:430087

TITLE: Synthesis and in vitro cytotoxic evaluation of

1,3-disubstituted and 1,3,9-trisubstituted

 $\beta$ -carboline derivatives

Cao, Rihui; Peng, Wenlie; Chen, Hongsheng; Hou, AUTHOR(S):

Xuerui; Guan, Huaji; Chen, Qi; Ma, Yan; Xu, Anlong

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Biochemistry, Center for Biopharmaceutical Research, College of Life Sciences, Sun Yat-sen (Zhongshan) University, Guangzhou, 510275,

Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2005), 40(3),

249-257

CODEN: EJMCA5; ISSN: 0223-5234

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Ltd.

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:430087

Т

GΙ

AΒ A series of novel 1,3-disubstituted and 1,3,9-trisubstituted  $\beta$ -carbolines was synthesized from L-tryptophan. Cytotoxic activities of these compds. were investigated in vitro. The results showed that 1,3,9-trisubstituted  $\beta$ -carbolines had higher cytotoxic activities in vitro than the corresponding 1,3-disubstituted compds. The 1,3,9-trisubstituted  $\beta$ -carbolines with a Me substituent at position 1 displayed more potent cytotoxic activities, I being the most potent compds. of this series with IC50 4 uM against BGC- $\overline{8}23$  cell lines. These data suggested that (1) the cytotoxic potencies of  $\beta$ -carbolines were enhanced by the introduction of appropriate substituents into position 1 and position 9 in  $\beta$ -carboline; (2) the  $\beta$ -carboline structure might be an important basis for the design and synthesis of new antitumor drugs; (3) the Me substituent at position 1, the pentafluorobenzyl group at position 9 and the ethoxycarbonyl substituent at position 3 were the optimal combination for the improvement of cytotoxic activity of the  $\beta$ -carboline derivs.

IT 142272-78-4P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis and in vitro cytotoxic evaluation of 1,3-di- and 1,3,9-trisubstituted  $\beta\text{-}\text{carbolines})$ 

RN 142272-78-4 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 1-methyl-9-(phenylmethyl)-, ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 18 THERE ARE 18 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (18 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 17 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1059352 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:23411

TITLE: Preparation of harmine derivatives as antitumor agents INVENTOR(S): Wu, Jialin; Chen, Qi; Cao, Rihui; Yu, Fusheng; Wang,

Zihou; Peng, Wenlie

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Xinjiang Huashidan Pharmaceutical Research Co., Ltd.,

Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 128 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.				KIND DATE					LICAT		DATE						
WO	WO 2004106335			A1 20041209		WO 2004-CN591					20040602						
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NΑ,	NΙ,
		NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
		ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,
		ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,
		EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	ΙΤ,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,
		SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	${ m ML}$ ,	MR,	ΝE,
			TD,														
	1552									CN 2	2003-1	13640	06		2	0030	502
CN	1005	0360'	7		С		2009	0624									
EP	1634	881			A1		2006	0315		EP 2	2004-	73572	20		2	0040	602
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	ΝL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
					•			•			HU,						
JP	2006	5265	30		Τ		2006	1124		JP 2	2006-5	50809	98		2	0040	602
US	2009	02276	519		A1											0060	424
RIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:						CN 2	2003-1	1364	06	Ž	A 2	0030	602
										WO 2	2004-0	CN591	1	I	W 2	0040	502
SSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT																	

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:23411; MARPAT 142:23411

AB Harmine derivs. e.g. I (R1 = H, alkyl, aralkyl, haloaralkyl, etc.; R2 = H, carboxyl, amino, etc.; R3 = H, OH, alkoxy, etc.; R4 = H, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, amino, etc.; R5 = H, alkyl, aralkyl, alkenyl, etc.; X = Br, iodo) are prepared. The present invention produces new harmine derivs. with enhanced antitumor activity and lower nervous system toxicity by structural modification of the parent structure of  $\beta$ -carboline of harmines at position 1, 2, 3, 7 and 9. The compds. of the present invention can be prepared easily with high yield. They can be used in manufacture of a variety of antitumor medicines and medicines used in treatment of tumor diseases in combination of light or radiation therapy. Thus, 7-methoxy-9-ethyl-1-methyl- $\beta$ -carboline was prepared and showed antitumor activity superior to that of harmine.

IT 95202-52-1P

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of harmine derivs. as antitumor agents)

RN 95202-52-1 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 9-(phenylmethyl)-, ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(1 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 18 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:648524 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:207055

TITLE: Preparation of  $\beta$ -carboline hydroxamic acids as

HIV-integrase inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Kuki, Atsuo; Li, Xinqiang; Plewe, Michael Bruno; Wang,

Hai; Zhang, Junhu Pfizer Inc., USA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pfizer Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 57 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2004067531 A1 20040812 WO 2004-IB259 20040123

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,

```
CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
            GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
            LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI
    CA 2513141
                               20040812
                                          CA 2004-2513141
                                                                  20040123
                         Α1
    EP 1590349
                         Α1
                               20051102
                                           EP 2004-704681
                                                                  20040123
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
    BR 2004007052
                               20060117
                                           BR 2004-7052
                                                                  20040123
                         Α
    JP 2006516606
                         Τ
                               20060706
                                           JP 2006-502388
                                                                  20040123
    MX 2005007563
                               20050921
                                           MX 2005-7563
                                                                  20050714
                         Α
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           US 2003-443223P
                                                             P 20030127
                                                             W 20040123
                                           WO 2004-IB259
                       MARPAT 141:207055
OTHER SOURCE(S):
GΙ
```

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB Beta-carboline hydroxamic acid compds. Title compds. I and II [wherein R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6 = independently H, halo, alkoxy/alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, OH and derivs., NO2, NH2 and derivs.; R7 = (un)substituted alk(en/yn)yl; R8, R9 = independently H, (un)substituted alk(en/yn)yl; X = (CR10R11)n; R10, R11 = independently H, halo, OH and derivs., NH and derivs., (un)substituted lower alk(en/yn)yl; n = 1-3; their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates] were prepared as inhibitors or modulators the activity of HIV-integrase enzyme. Examples include 13 synthetic prepns., bioassays for HIV-integrase activity and HIV-1 cell protection. For example, III was prepared, in 39% yield, from Et 9H-3-carboline-3-carboxylate, 4-fluorobenzyl bromide and NH2OH. Selected I and II displayed IC50 values in the range of 0.234 - 0.713 μM for the inhibition of HIV-integrase. Thus, I and II are useful for treating HIV-integrase-mediated diseases and conditions (no data).

IT 737817-45-7P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(HIV-inhibitor; preparation of  $\beta$ -carboline hydroxamic acids as HIV-integrase inhibitors)

RN 737817-45-7 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxamide,

9-[(3-chloro-2,6-difluorophenyl)methyl]-N-methoxy- (CA INDEX NAME)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(5 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 19 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

2004:627176 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:243713

TITLE: Synthesis, acute toxicities, and antitumor effects of

novel 9-substituted  $\beta$ -carboline derivatives

Cao, Rihui; Chen, Qi; Hou, Xuerui; Chen, Hongsheng; AUTHOR(S):

Guan, Huaji; Ma, Yan; Peng, Wenlie; Xu, Anlong

Department of Biochemistry and Center for CORPORATE SOURCE:

Biopharmaceutical Research, College of Life Sciences, Sun Yat-sen (Zhongshan) University, Guangzhou, 510275,

Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry (2004), 12(17),

4613-4623

CODEN: BMECEP; ISSN: 0968-0896

Elsevier Ltd. PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 141:243713

GΙ

A series of 9-substituted  $\beta\text{-carbolines, e.g., I, was synthesized from}$ harmine and  $\beta$ -carboline derivs., resp. Cytotoxic activities of these compds. in vitro were investigated. The results showed that most compds. of the 9-substituted  $\beta$ -carboline derivs. had more remarkable cytotoxic activities in vitro than their corresponding parent compds.

Acute toxicities and antitumor effects of some selected  $\beta$ -carboline derivs., in mice, were also examined The results demonstrated that a short alkyl or benzyl substituent at position-9 increased the antitumor activities significantly and a ethoxycarbonyl or carboxyl substituent at position-3 reduced the acute toxicity and neurotoxicity of these  $\beta$ -carboline derivs. dramatically. Moreover, the compds. both with an alkoxycarbonyl or carboxyl substituent at position-3 and a short alkyl or benzyl substituent at position-9 exhibited more significant antitumor activities and lower acute toxicities and neurotoxicities than the other compds. I having an Bu and a carboxyl substituent at position-9 and 3, resp., was found to have the highest antitumor effect and the lowest acute toxicity and neurotoxicity. These data suggested that appropriate substituents at both position-9 and 3 of  $\beta$ -carboline derivs. might play a crucial role in determining their enhanced antitumor activities and decreased acute toxicities and neurotoxic effects. Furthermore, the  $\beta$ -carboline derivs. have the potential to be used as antitumor drug leads.

IT 752213-39-1P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and antitumor activity of N-alkylated carboline hydrochlorides via N-alkylation of carbolines with alkyl halides followed by salt formation)

RN 752213-39-1 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 9-(phenylmethyl)-, methyl ester, hydrochloride (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HCl

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (23 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 20 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:401649 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:43450

TITLE: Preparation of  $\beta$ -carbolines as non-peptide

antagonists of GLP-1 receptor

INVENTOR(S): Truesdale, Larry Kenneth; Bychowski, Richard A.;

Gonzalez, Javier; Kuki, Atsuo; Rajapakse, Ranjan Jagath; Teng, Min; Kiel, Dan; Dhanoa, Daljit S.; Hong, Yufeng; Chou, Tso-Sheng; Ling, Anthony L.; Johnson,

Michael David; Gregor, Vlad Edward

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Agouron Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 87 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
WO	2000	 0338	 39		A1	_	2000	0615		wo	 1999-	 US29	 065		1	 9991	208
	W:	ΑE,	AL,	ΑM,	AT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	ВG	, BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CR,	CU,
		CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	EE,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD	, GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,
		IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC	, LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,
		MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NΖ,	PL	, PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,
		SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG	, US,	UΖ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW	
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ	, UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,
		DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU	, MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ΒJ,	CF,
		CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,						, SN,						
CA	2350	887			A1						1999-					9991	208
	1137	_			A2		2001	1004		EΡ	1999-	9606	63		1	9991	208
EP	1137	413			В1		2005	0202									
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR	, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FΙ,	RO										
BR	9916						2001	1106		BR	1999-	1696	5		1	9991	208
AU	7589	68			В2		2003	0403		AU	2000-	1751	8		1	9991	208
NZ	5116	98			А		2003	0926		NΖ	1999-	5116	98		1	9991	208
AT	2882	68					2005	0215		ΑT	1999-	9606	63		1	9991	208
PT	1137	413			$\mathbf{E}$		2005	0531		PΤ	1999-	9606	63		1	9991	208
	2233				Т3		2005	0601		_	1999-					9991	208
ZA	2001	0041	28		А		2002	0521			2001-					0010	521
MX	2001	0058	46		Α		2002	0311		MΧ	2001-	5846			2	0010	608
US	6469	021			В1		2002	1022		US	2001-	8315	72		2	0011	026
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:							1998-					9981	210
										WO	1999-	US29	065		W 1	9991	208

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 133:43450

GΙ

AB The title compds. [I; R1 = (un)substituted Ph, pyridyl; R2 = COH, CO2H, CO2alkoxy, etc.; R3 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; R2 and R3 together with the atoms to which they are bound form (un)substituted 5-6 membered ring containing one or two heteroatoms selected from O, N, and S; R4 = H, NH2, halo, etc.], non-peptide compds. that act as antagonists of the intestinal

hormone glucagon-like peptide 1 (GLP-1), and are useful in inhibiting the binding of GLP-1 to the GLP-1 receptor and inhibiting the activation of the GLP-1 receptor, were prepared and formulated. Thus, treatment of Me 9H- $\beta$ -carboline-3-carboxylate (preparation given) with NaH in DMF followed by addition of 2,5-dichlorobenzyl chloride afforded 88% I [R1 = 2,5-Cl2C6H3; R2 = CO2Me; R3 = R4 = H]. The compds. I exhibit advantageous phys., chemical and biol. properties and inhibit GLP-1 peptide binding to the GLP-1 receptor and/or prevent activation of the receptor by bound GLP-1.

TT 274919-18-5P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(preparation of  $\beta\mbox{-carbolines}$  as non-peptide antagonists of GLP-1 receptor)

RN 274919-18-5 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 9-[(2,5-dichlorophenyl)methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(5 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 21 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:50046 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:114560

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 128:22461a,22464a

TITLE: o-Nitrobenzyl as a photocleavable nitrogen protecting

group for indoles, benzimidazole, and 6-chlorouracil Voelker, Troy; Ewell, Tim; Joo, Jean; Edstrom, Eric D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of Montana,

Missoula, MT, 59812, USA

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1998), 39(5/6), 359-362

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 128:114560

AB The potential for the o-nitrobenzyl group as an alternative nitrogen protecting group for various indoles, benzimidazole, and 6-chlorouracil was determined Treatment of the appropriate N-H containing substrate with LiH

or

AUTHOR(S):

NaH in DMF followed by o-nitrobenzyl bromide afforded reasonable yields of N-alkylated products. To effect removal of this group, simple photolysis with 300 nm light afforded good yields of starting substrate.

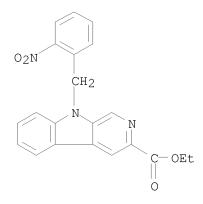
IT 201805-78-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(nitrobenzyl as photolyzable protective group for indole, benzimidazole and chlorouracil derivs.)

RN 201805-78-9 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 9-[(2-nitrophenyl)methyl]-, ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (16 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 22 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:702702 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:358850

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 127:70251a,70254a

TITLE: Preparation of pyrrolylmethylphenylacetic acid amides

as antiatherosclerotic agents

INVENTOR(S): Eckenberg, Peter; Mueller, Ulrich; Gruetzmann, Rudi;

Bischoff, Hilmar; Denzer, Dirk; Nielsch, Ulrich

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bayer A.-G., Germany SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 58 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 19615119	A1	19971023	DE 1996-19615119	19960417
EP 802197	A1	19971022	EP 1997-105595	19970404
R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK	, ES, FR, GB	GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE, MC, PT,
IE, FI				
US 6194424	В1	20010227	US 1997-833828	19970410
CA 2202563	A1	19971017	CA 1997-2202563	19970414

JP 10036349 A 19980210 JP 1997-110047 19970414
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1996-19615119 A 19960417
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 127:358850; MARPAT 127:358850
GI

AB Title compds. I [R1R2 = atoms required to complete an (un)substituted pyridine or benzene ring; R3R4 = atoms required to complete and (un)substituted benzene, cycloalkene, oxacycloalkene ring; D, E = H, cycloalkyl, alkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, Ph, halophenyl, trfifluoromethylphenyl; DE = atoms required to complete a carbocyclic ring; R5 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl; R6 = (un)substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, Ph; NR5R6 = heterocyclic] were prepared for use in treatment of atherosclerosis and as inhibitors of ApoB-100-associated lipoprotein formation and release (no data). Thus, the amide II was prepared from the carboline and the menthyl bromomethylphenyl(cyclopentyl)acetate which was obtained from 1-menthol and 4-MeC6H4CH2CO2H in 3 steps. II had an IC50 for inhibition of the release of Apo-100-associated lipoproteins from liver cells in vitro of 8.2 nM.

IT 177278-37-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of pyrrolylmethylphenylacetamides as antiatherosclerotic agents)

RN 177278-37-4 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 9-[[4-[1-cyclopentyl-2-(1,1-dimethylethoxy)-2-oxoethyl]phenyl]methyl]-, ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (4 CITINGS)

L16 ANSWER 23 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:537321 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:195628 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 125:36643a

TITLE: New 9H-pyrido[3,4-b]indole derivatives useful as LTB4

antagonists.

INVENTOR(S): Skuballa, Werner; Buchmann, Bernd; Rehwinkel, Hartmut;

Schneider, Frank; Froehlich, Wolfgang; Giesen,

Claudia; Hennekes, Hartwig

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schering A.-G., Germany

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 11 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

Р	'ΑΤ	ENT 1	NO.			KINI	)	DATE		API	PLICAT	ON N	Ю.		DZ	ATE		
	 F.	19502	 2753			 A1	_	1996	0725	DE.	 1995-	 -19502	 753		1	9950:	123	
_		22105				A1		1996			1996-					9960:		
W	Ю	96229	989			A1		1996	0801	WO	1996-	EP213	}		19	9960	119	
		W:	CA,	JP,	US													
		RW:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB, GI	R, IE,	ΙΤ,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE	
E	ŀΡ	80583	10			A1		1997	1112	EP	1996-	90130	19		19	9960:	119	
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB, GI	R, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	ΙE
J	Р	10512	2579			T		1998	1202	JP	1996-	-52260	15		19	9960	119	
U	JS	58803	126			A		1999	0309	US	1997-	87509	0		19	9971:	208	
PRIORI	TY	APPI	LN.	INFO	.:					DE	1995-	19502	753	i	A 19	9950	123	
										WO	1996-	EP213	}	Ţ	W 19	9960	119	
			_ ~ _ ~ -		~	~						_ ~						

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 125:195628; MARPAT 125:195628

GΙ

$$VR^{2}$$
 $VR^{2}$ 
 $V$ 

AB Title compds. I [U, V, W = bond, C1-6 alkylene; R1 = H, OH, CO2H; R2 = H, OH, alkoxy, alkanoyloxy, ω-carboxyalkoxy; or R1R2 = oxycarbonyl; X = bond, O; Y = bond, CONR', heterocyclic amide group Q; R' = H, alkyl, carboxyalkyl; (m + n) = 3, 4, 5; Z = CH, N; R3, R4 = (un)substituted Ph, phenylalkyl, or naphthyl] and their physiol. acceptable esters, amides, and salts are disclosed. Surprisingly, I and derivs. show marked leukotriene B4 antagonistic activity (no data), and a completely different activity spectrum from the known 9-unsubstituted analogs, which are psychopharmaceuticals. Thus, I are potentially useful as antiinflammatories, antiallergics, and antiproliferatives. For example, N-alkylation of 6-(benzyloxy)-4-(methoxymethyl)-9H-pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid 1-methylethyl ester using BrCH2CONMeCH2CH2Ph and NaH in THF, followed by saponification with NaOH in aqueous MeOH, gave title compound

II. IT 180512-91-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(preparation of pyridoindole derivs. as LTB4 antagonists)

RN 180512-91-8 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 4-(methoxymethyl)-5-(phenylmethoxy)-9-(3-phenylpropyl)-, 1-methylethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2 CITINGS)

L16 ANSWER 24 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:337930 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:58487

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 125:11245a,11248a

TITLE: Preparation of cycloalkanoindole and -azaindole

derivatives as inhibitors of ApoB-100 associated

lipoprotein production and/or release.

INVENTOR(S): Mueller, Ulrich; Connell, Richard; Goldmann,

Siegfried; Gruetzmann, Rudi; Beuck, Martin; Bischoff, Hilmar; Denzer, Dirk; Domdey-Bette, Anke; Wohlfeil,

tofan

Stefan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bayer A.-G., Germany SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 114 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.			KIND DATE		AP	APPLICATION NO.					DATE				
EP	705831 705831			A2 A3	1	9960410 9970122	EP	1995-	-1148	 77		19	99509	921	
EP	705831			B1		0031203	<b>65</b>								<b>~</b> =
	R: AT,			-											SE
	4435477			A1		9960411									
	255580			Τ		0031215							99509		
	705831			$\mathbf{E}$		0040430		1995-					99509		
ES	2211890			Т3	2	0040716	ES	1995-	-1148	77		19	99509	921	
ΑU	9532920			А	1	9960418	AU	1995-	-3292	0		19	99509	927	
ΑU	700609			В2	1	9990107									
HR	9500505			В1	2	0020430	HR	1995-	-505			19	99509	927	
US	5684014			A	1	9971104	US	1995-	-5356	98		19	99509	928	
CA	2159546			A1	1	9960405	CA	1995-	-2159	546		19	99509	929	
FI	9504681			A	1	9960405	FI	1995-	-4681			19	9951	002	
IL	115493			A	1	9991028	IL	1995-	-1154	93		19	9951	002	
IL	129641			A	2	0000831	IL	1995-	-1296	41		19	9951	002	
TW	448175			В	2	0010801	TW	1995-	-8411	0247		19	9951	002	
NO	9503930			А	1	9960409	NC	1995-	-3930			19	9951	003	
NO	305365			В1	1	9990518									
ZA	9508297			А	1	9960506	ZA	1995-	-8297			19	99510	003	
HU	73240			A2		9960729		1995-					9951		
-	225052			B1		0060529									

JP 08	225526	A	19960903	JP	1995-279664		19951003
JP 39	01234	B2	20070404				
RU 21	57803	C2	20001020	RU	1995-117070		19951003
EE 35	27	B1	20011015	EE	1995-71		19951003
PL 18	3154	B1	20020531	PL	1995-310756		19951003
CZ 29	1348	В6	20030212	CZ	1995-2567		19951003
SK 28	4260	В6	20041201	SK	1995-1239		19951003
CN 11.	30631	A	19960911	CN	1995-117117		19951004
CN 10	50605	С	20000322				
US 62	45775	B1	20010612	US	1997-887781		19970703
HK 10	05139	A1	20040521	HK	1998-104346		19980519
CN 12	24715	A	19990804	CN	1998-126085		19981230
CN 11	83111	С	20050105				
US 62	65431	B1	20010724	US	1999-313035		19990517
FI 20	00002693	A	20001208	FI	2000-2693		20001208
FI 10	8791	B1	20020328				
US 20	020147209	A1	20021010	US	2000-734955		20001211
US 20	020055635	A1	20020509	US	2001-814263		20010321
US 64	79503	B2	20021112				
US 20	030149073	A1	20030807	US	2002-198315		20020718
US 68	58622	В2	20050222				
PRIORITY A	PPLN. INFO.:			DE	1994-4435477	Α	19941004
				US	1995-535698	A3	19950928
				IL	1995-115493	А3	19951002
					1997-887781	А3	19970703
				US	1999-313035	A3	19990517
				US	2001-814263	А3	20010321

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 125:58487; MARPAT 125:58487

GI

$$R^3$$
 $R^1$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $D$ 
 $EL$ 
 $R^5$ 
 $R^6$ 
 $R^7$ 
 $R^7$ 
 $R^7$ 
 $R^8$ 
 $R^8$ 
 $R^8$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R$ 

AB Title compds. [I; R1R2 = atoms to form a (substituted) pyridyl ring, Ph ring, Q1; R8 = H, alkyl; R3R4 = atoms to form a (substituted) Ph ring, 4-8 membered cycloalkene, oxacycloalkene ring; D = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl; E = CO, CS; L = O, S, NR9; R9 = H, (substituted) alkyl; R5 = (substituted) Ph, 5-7 membered heterocyclyl; R6 = H, CO2H, alkoxycarbonyl, (substituted) alkyl; R7 = H; R6R7 = O], were prepared Thus, title compound (II) (preparation given) inhibited release of ApoB-100 associated lipoproteins from human liver cells with IC50 = 28 + 10-9 M.

IT 177276-87-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of cycloalkanoindole and -azaindole derivs. as inhibitors of ApoB-100 associated lipoprotein production and/or release)

RN 177276-87-8 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 9-[[4-[1-cyclopentyl-2-[(2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl]phenyl]methyl]-, ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (48 CITINGS)

L16 ANSWER 25 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:795473 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:306611

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 123:54675a,54678a

TITLE: Cholecystokinin antagonists containing

 $\beta$ -carbolines

INVENTOR(S): Yamada, Koichiro; Hikoda, Masakatsu; Yura, Takeshi;

Kano, Toshiaki; Nagasaki, Masaaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tanabe Seiyaku Co, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07145055 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	А	19950606	JP 1993-296181 JP 1993-296181	19931126 19931126
OTHER SOURCE(S): GI	MARPAT	123:306611		

$$R^{1}$$
  $CH_{2}$   $R^{3}$   $NHCO$   $N$   $R^{4}$ 

Cholecystokinin (CCK) antagonists, useful for prevention and treatment of AΒ pancreatic and gastrointestinal disorders and loss of appetite, contain  $\beta$ -carbolines I [R1 = H, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, OH; R5 = H; R1R5 may form lower alkylenedioxy; R2 = H, halo, lower alkoxy, OH; R3 = H, lower alkyl, carboxy-lower alkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl-lower alkyl; R4 = H, lower alkyl, carboxy-lower alkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl-lower alkyl, lower alkanoyl, arylcarbonyl, lower alkanesulfonyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyl, CHO, di(lower alkyl)sulfamoyl; n = 0, 1, 2] and their pharmacol. acceptable salts as active ingredients.  $(\pm)$  -3-[(9H-pyrido[3,4-b]indol-3-yl)carbonylamino]-1-phenyl-2-indolinone inhibited the binding of CCK-8 to the receptors with IC50 of 5 +10-9M. Preparation procedures of the compds. are given. ΙT 154058-37-4P RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

Ι

(preparation of;  $\beta\text{-}\text{carbolines}$  as cholecystokinin antagonists for prevention and treatment of pancreatic and gastrointestinal disorders) 154058--37--4 CAPLUS

9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxamide, 9-benzoyl-N-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-5-methoxy-3-methyl-2-oxo-1H-indol-3-yl]-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN

CN

L16 ANSWER 26 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:245060 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:245060

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 120:43449a,43452a

TITLE: Beta-carboline derivatives with anticholecystokinin

activity, and their preparation, use, and

pharmaceutical compositions

INVENTOR(S): Yamada, Koichiro; Hikota, Masataka; Yura, Takeshi;

Shikano, Toshiro; Nagasaki, Masaaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tanabe Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 26 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 572235	A2	19931201	EP 1993-304083	19930526
EP 572235	A3	19940601		
R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK	, ES, FR, GB	, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU,	MC, NL, PT, SE
JP 06041126	A	19940215	JP 1993-123668	19930526
CA 2097112	A1	19931129	CA 1993-2097112	19930527
US 5434148	A	19950718	US 1993-67931	19930527
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1992-136819	A 19920528
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR U	S PATEN	T AVAILABLE	IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMA	ΔT
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREA	CT 120:24506	0; MARPAT 120:245060	
GI				

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{1} & O & O \\
R^{3} & H & || & || \\
R^{5} & N & O & N \\
R^{4} & R^{4}
\end{array}$$

Disclosed are  $\beta$ -carboline derivs. I, wherein R1 is H, alkyl, alkoxy, AΒ or OH; R5 is H; or R1R5 is alkylenedioxy; R2 is H, halo, alkoxy, or OH; R3 is H, carbamoylalkyl, alkyl, carboxyalkyl, or alkoxycarbonylalkyl; R4 is H, alkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkanoyl, arylcarbonyl, alkanesulfonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyl, formyl, or dialkylsulfamoyl; and n is 0, 1 or 2; and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts. Also claimed is a process for preparing I by formation of the bridging amide linkage, use of the compds. for prophylaxis or treatment of digestive diseases, and pharmaceuticals containing I. Examples include 85 invention compound syntheses and 48 precursor prepns. Thus, Friedel-Crafts cyclization of 4-MeOC6H4NHC6H4F-4 with oxalyl chloride gave 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-methoxy-1H-indole-2,3-dione, which reacted with NH2OH.HCl to give the 3-oxime. Hydrogenation of the latter to the 3-amino derivative, and amidation of this with  $\beta$ -carbolin-3-ylcarbonyl chloride, gave I [n = 0, R1 = 5-MeO, R2 = 4-F, R3 = R4 = R5 = H]. The compound I [n = 1]0, R3 = Me, other Rs = H] at 10 mg/kg i.v. in rats gave significant inhibition of pancreatic secretion induced by CCK-8 (no addnl. data). I are also said to show low toxicity. ΙT 154058-37-4P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as CCK antagonist)

Ι

RN 154058-37-4 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxamide, 9-benzoyl-N-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-5-methoxy-3-methyl-2-oxo-1H-indol-3-yl]-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L16 ANSWER 27 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:469758 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:69758

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 117:12271a,12274a

TITLE: Reaction of 3H-pyrano[3,4-b]indol-3-ones and

3H-2-benzopyran-3-ones with heterodienophiles: a two step synthesis for some 9H-pyrido[3,4-b]indoles and

isoquinolines

AUTHOR(S): Van Broeck, P.; Van Doren, P.; Hoornaert, G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Org. Synth., K. U. Leuven, Heverlee, B-3001,

Belg.

SOURCE: Synthesis (1992), (5), 473-6

CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 117:69758

GΙ

AB A short synthetic method for 3-substituted 9H-pyrido[3,4-b]indoles I (R = Me, PhCH2; R1 = Me, Ph; R2 = CO2Et, 4-MeC6H4SO2) and isoquinolines II using cycloaddn.-elimination reactions between 3H-pyrano[3,4-b]indol-3-ones III or 3H-2-benzopyran-3-ones IV and electron-poor nitriles, such as, Et cyanoformate and p-toluenesulfonyl cyanide is described. Extension of the method to benzoyl cyanide and imines was not possible. The diene system undergoes cycloaddn. with the carbonyl function of the former compound, subsequent elimination of carbon dioxide followed by an electrocyclic reaction involving the C-O bond gives ring opened ketonic compds. Imines attack the lactone function of the pyranone system ultimately yielding a  $\beta$ -lactam in some cases.

IT 142272-78-4P

RN 142272-78-4 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 1-methyl-9-(phenylmethyl)-, ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (4 CITINGS)

L16 ANSWER 28 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:528862 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:128862

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 109:21465a,21468a

TITLE: Synthesis of substituted

pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxamides and related

compounds as benzodiazepine receptor

agonists/antagonists

AUTHOR(S): Mehta, Pratibha; Saxena, Anil K.; Gulati, A.; Anand,

Nitya

CORPORATE SOURCE: Med. Chem. Div., Cent. Drug Res. Inst., Lucknow, 226

001, India

SOURCE: Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section B: Organic

Chemistry Including Medicinal Chemistry (1988),

27B(2), 140-3

CODEN: IJSBDB; ISSN: 0376-4699

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 109:128862

GΙ

COR

AB 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxamides I (R = octylamino, morpholino, piperidino, etc.) have been prepared by the condensation of Me 9H-pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylate with the appropriate amine at 150° for 48 h. The receptor binding studies and electroencephalog. of these compds. show that some of them have promising benzodiazepine receptor agonistic and antagonistic activities.

IT 116524-13-1P

RN 116524-13-1 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 9-(phenylmethyl)-, phenylmethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

L16 ANSWER 29 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:113334 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:113334

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 102:17803a,17806a

TITLE: [2,3] Fused indoles. Synthesis of  $\beta$ -carbolines

and azepino[4,5-b]indoles from

3-(2-alkylindol-3-yl)-2-azidoacrylates

AUTHOR(S): Moody, Christopher J.; Ward, John G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Imp. Coll. Sci. Technol., London, SW7 2AY,

UK

SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Perkin Transactions

1: Organic and Bio-Organic Chemistry (1972-1999)

CO<sub>2</sub>Et

II

IV

(1984), (12), 2895-901

CODEN: JCPRB4; ISSN: 0300-922X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 102:113334

GΙ

AB Thermal decomposition of the title azidoacrylates (I; R = CH2Ph, R1 = Me, R2 = N3; R = CH2OMe, R1 = Me, Et, Pr, cyclohexyl, CHMe2, R2 = N3), prepared from the corresponding 2-substituted indole-3-carboxaldehydes by sequential N-alkylation and condensation with EtO2CCH2N3, gave pharmacol. important β-carbolines II (R = CH2Ph, R1 = H; R = CH2OMe, R1 = H, Me, Et), azepinoindoles III (R = CH2OMe, R1 = H, Me), or enamines I [R = CH2OMe, R1 = CH:CH2, CMe:CH2, CH:CHMe, cyclohexen-1-yl, R2 = NH2), depending on the reaction conditions, whereas thermolysis of I (R = CH2OMe, R1 = Ph, R2 = N3) gave the benzazepinoindole IV. Formation of III, shown to proceed by cyclization of the initially formed enamines, represents a new reaction of vinyl azides, which is particularly favored in the indole series.

IT 95202-52-1P

RN 95202-52-1 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 9-(phenylmethyl)-, ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

## (5 CITINGS)

```
L16 ANSWER 30 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1963:73257 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          58:73257
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 58:12521h,12522a-d
TITLE:
                          1-Alkyl(or aryl)-\beta-carboline-3-carboxylic acid
                          amides
INVENTOR(S):
                         Leonard, Frederick
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         J. R. Geigy A.-G.
SOURCE:
                          23 pp.
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
LANGUAGE:
                          Unavailable
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
                                                                     DATE
                                              _____
                                             BE
     BE 612725
                                 19620717
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                              US
                                                                       19610118
    Me esters of tryptophan are condensed with aldehydes to give
     \beta-carboline-3-carboxylic acids which are then converted to the title
     compds. which can be used as tranquilizers. E.g., a mixture of 200 g.
     DL-tryptophan in 2000 ml. MeOH is saturated with HCl at 0°, the mixture
     kept 24 hrs., and the solid material filtered off; the filtrate gives
     245.2 g. Me ester (I), m. 238°, of tryptophan-HCl. I (485 g.) is
     added to a mixture of 2000 ml. H2O and 200 ml. AcH, the mixture kept until a
     neg. ninhydrin reaction is obtained, 1 l. CHCl3 and 100 ml. NH3are
     added, the mixture is extracted with CHCl3, the extract washed with H2O, dried,
     filtered, and evaporated to dryness, and the residue recrystd. to give 399 g.
     Me 1-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-\beta-carboline-3-carboxylate (II), m.
     114-15° (MeOH), 85.8% yield. II (120 g.) is dissolved in MeOH, the
     solution saturated with NH3, the mixture kept 3 days, the solid material
filtered
     off, the filtrate evaporated to dryness, and the residue recrystd. to give
     98.3 q. 1-methyl-1,2,3-4-tetrahydro-\beta-carboline-3-carboxylic acid
     amide, m. 205° (MeOH), 87.2% yield. Similarly prepared are the
     following \beta-carbolin-3-carboxylic acid amides (m.p. given):
     1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-, 222°; 1-benzyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-,
     197-8°; N,1-dimethyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-, 215°;
     N-(2-diethylaminoethyl)-1-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-, 176°;
     1-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-, 232-5°;
     N-methyl-1-trifluoromethyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-, 237-40°;
     1-trifluoromethyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-, 209-13°; N-methyl-1-benzyl-,
     253° (BuOH); N-ethyl-1-methyl-, 230°; N,1-dimethyl-, 293-4°; N-methyl-1-isopropyl-, 296-7°; N-methyl-1-phenyl-,
     256-7°; N-(3-pyridy1)-1-isopropy1-, 264-5° (dioxane);
     N-phenyl-1-methyl-, 273-5°; N-benzyl-1-methyl-, 295-6°;
     N-(3-pyridy1)-1-methy1-, 308-10°; \bar{N}-(3-pyridy1methy1)-1-methy1-,
     265-6°; N-diethylaminoethyl-1-benzyl-, 181-2° (iso-PrOH); N-(\beta-diethylaminoethyl)-1-isopropyl-, 174-6°;
     N-(\beta-diethylaminoethyl)-1-phenyl-, 172-3°;
     N-(\gamma-dimethylaminopropyl)-1-phenyl-, 189-91°;
     N-(\gamma-dimethylpropyl)-1-isopropyl-, 176-7°;
     N-(\beta-hydroxyethyl)-1-phenyl-, 236-7° (iso-PrOH);
N-(\beta-hydroxyethyl)-1-benzyl-, 244°; N,N-diethyl-1-methyl-,
     184° (EtOAc); N-(\beta-diethylaminoethyl)-1-methyl-, 169°;
```

```
N-(\beta-hydrozyethyl)-1-methyl-, 220-2°; 1-methyl-, 284-5°
     (MeOH-dioxane); 1-trifluoromethyl-, 309-10°
     [tetrahydrofuran-(iso-Pr)20]; 1-methyl-9-benzyl-, 237-8°;
     1-isopropyl-, 275-6°; 1-phenyl-, 262-3°; 1-benzyl-,
     208^{\circ}; and 1-\text{methyl}-1, 2, 3, 4-\text{tetrahydro}-, 206-8^{\circ} (CHCl3).
     Also prepared are: 1-\text{methyl}-\beta-\text{carboline}-3-\text{thiocarboxylic} acid amide,
     258-60° (MeOCH2CH2OH); 1-methyl-3-carbamoyl-3,4-dihydro-\beta-
     carboline HCl salt, 278-80^{\circ} (EtOH); 3-\beta-carbolinecarboxylic
     acid hydrazide, 292-3°; 1-methyl-3-carbamoyl-\beta-carboline
     methanesulfonate, 336°; Me 1-trifluoromethyl-\beta-carboline-3-
     carboxylate, 252-3° (xylene); \beta-carboline-3-carboxylic acid
     amide, 314-15^{\circ}.
     94678-39-4P, 9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxamide,
ΙT
     9-benzyl-1-methyl-
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
         (preparation of)
     94678-39-4 CAPLUS
RN
CN
     9H-Pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxamide, 1-methyl-9-(phenylmethyl)- (CA
     INDEX NAME)
```

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Ph-CH}_2 & \text{Me} \\ \hline & & \\ & &$$

```
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:54:16 ON 29 JUN 2010)
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:54:24 ON 29 JUN 2010
L1
                STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L2
             50 S L1 SAM
     FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:55:07 ON 29 JUN 2010
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:55:58 ON 29 JUN 2010
                STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L3
             50 S L3 SAM
L4
                STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L5
             50 S L5 SAM
L6
L7
                STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L8
             50 S L7 SAM
                STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L9
L10
             50 S L9 SAM
L11
           1973 S L9 FULL
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:00:12 ON 29 JUN 2010
```

417 S L11

L12

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:00:38 ON 29 JUN 2010

STRUCTURE UPLOADED 10 S L13 SAM L13

L14 L15 216 S L13 FULL

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 12:02:19 ON 29 JUN 2010

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:02:22 ON 29 JUN 2010

L16 30 S L15 FULL

=>

---Logging off of STN---

=>

Executing the logoff script...

=> LOG Y

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 175.30 564.07 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS FULL ESTIMATED COST DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION -25.50 -25.50 CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 12:03:23 ON 29 JUN 2010